

# CHRISTIANSON'S NURSERY

15806 BEST ROAD MOUNT VERNON

## *Top 50 Disease Resistant Roses for the Pacific Northwest*

At Last – Shrub	Bring Me Sunshine – English
Brick House – Shrub	Desdemona – English
Orange Brick House – Shrub	Golden Celebration – English
Candy Oh! – Shrub	Lady of Shalott – English
Easy Does It – Floribunda	Lichfield Angel – English
Easy Going – Floribunda	Olivia Rose Austin – English
Easy on the Eyes – Floribunda	Roald Dahl – English
Julia Child – Floribunda	Tranquillity – English
Knock Out – Shrub	Wollerton Old Hall – English
Double Knock Out – Shrub	Blanc Double de Coubert – Rugosa
Coral Knock Out – Shrub	Frau Dagmar Hartopp – Rugosa
Livin' Easy – Floribunda	Hansa – Rugosa
Sally Holmes – Shrub	Martin Frobisher – Rugosa
Sexy Remy – Floribunda	Therese Bugnet – Rugosa
State of Grace – Hybrid Tea	Apricot Drift – Groundcover
True Serenity – Shrub	Pink Drift – Groundcover
Bathsheba – English / Climber	New Dawn – Climber
	Eden (Pink Eden) – Climber
	Zephirine Drouhin – Climber
	True Gratitude – Shrub

## A Quick Guide to Preventing Rose Disease

Healthy roses begin with good habits. Most common rose diseases—like black spot, powdery mildew, and rust—can be greatly reduced with thoughtful planting and care.

### 1. Start with the Right Rose

Choose disease-resistant varieties whenever possible. These roses are bred to perform well with fewer inputs and are especially reliable in the Pacific Northwest.

### 2. Plant for Airflow & Sun

Roses thrive with at least 6 hours of sun and good air circulation. Avoid crowding plants and place them where morning sun can quickly dry dew from the leaves.

### 3. Water at the Base

Always water at soil level, not overhead. Wet foliage encourages fungal disease, especially during cool or humid weather.

### 4. Keep It Clean

Remove fallen leaves and spent blooms, and keep the base of plants free of debris.

### 5. Feed for Strength

Well-fed roses resist disease better. Use a balanced rose fertilizer and amend soil with compost to support steady, healthy growth.

### 6. Prune Properly

Annual pruning improves airflow and removes weak or infected wood. Always use clean, sharp tools.